

BLOG



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The world's first Artificial Intelligence (AI) casino has drawn another bad hand. Despite intentions to open this year, Genting's Resorts World Sentosa in Singapore recently announced another delay. Powered by AI leader, SenseTime, the casino was set to utilize a comprehensive surveillance system to track players and to replace human dealers with machines to improve security and consumer experiences. [1] Our previous article explored the practical limitations of AI implementation in casinos.

Although the Genting resort is among the most ambitious projects, the intersection of Al and casinos has become increasingly popular among the gaming industry. Potential applications include combatting fraud, optimizing casino floor ROI, and tracking player performance. These considerations make the intersection of Al and gambling a valuable, lucrative, and beneficial one. However, utilizing Al in casinos raises a myriad of legal questions. The second of our two-part series considers the legal implication of these questions for gaming industry parties.

PRIVACY CONCERNS

Privacy concerns are a major obstacle facing Al usage in casinos as a variety of information may be collected under an Al-casino model. In Genting, the casino sought to create a comprehensive surveillance system that would track people across the entire casino resort using a CCTV camera system. [2] dditionally, this security system would track the hands of dealers and customers and monitor staff to detect fraud. [3]

Besides facial recognition information, Al systems may collect a variety of identity verification and record-keeping information. For example, an Al system may keep detailed records of players and their winnings. This information could be utilized to detect cheating, improve odds calculations, and possibly even detect gambling addiction.

However, collecting this information can be a legal minefield for casinos. Depending on the location of the casino and where the information is processed, different jurisdictional requirements regarding privacy and personal information may apply. Several states, including California and Nevada, have passed legislation regarding the use of personal information by website operators. For Al casinos, creating integrated user systems for players may trigger these protections. Failure to comply can be costly—in Nevada, the Nevada Attorney General can impose penalties of up to \$5,000 per violation. [5]

Collecting biometric information can also create compliance challenges. States may have specific procedures that control how biometric information should be transmitted, stored, and may provide consumers rights to delete such information. Casinos may be required to disclose the extent of their biometric information collection or potentially obtain consent from players before such information is utilized.

An additional privacy concern is the risk of data and security breaches—collecting extensive information can be extremely lucrative for casinos. This information could help casinos identify top spenders, create custom experiences for players, and improve casino odds. However, this information is also susceptible to hacking and privacy attacks. Casinos implementing an Al system must also ensure they securely store all privacy information and monitor and respond to any attacks. Failure to do so could lead to widespread liability.

In summary, gaming industry parties interested in implementing AI must be aware of the extensive legal privacy implications. Although AI may have valuable benefits for casinos, including better fraud protection, increased security, and earlier detection of gambling addiction, it raises new privacy questions. o that end, these parties should work with legal teams experienced in handling these cutting-edge issues.

CONCLUSION

Should gaming industry parties gamble with integrating Al technologies? Early proponents of Al should hedge their bets by considering the technical implementation challenges and concerns over privacy protections. However, with rapid ongoing developments in Al, automated processes can eliminate the need for extra human resources and time. Perhaps the more important topic to consider is not if or when, but to what extent Al will displace previously human-directed roles and what its ramifications on the gaming industry.

Winston's attorneys advise clients on the evolving legal frameworks and issues related to regulations in the U.S., Canada, and the EU General Data Protection Regulation (GDPR). We are knowledgeable in Al trends related to prior litigation, government enforcement actions, and companies' reputational risk. Our team also includes privacy and data security attorneys highly experienced in data collection, data use, and data breach issues.

[1] World's first 'Al casino' delayed by technical hitches, https://www.ft.com/content/8bc5fe03-03b0-4429-807f-60de1ac0293f, (last accessed December 8, 2021).

[2] Id.

[<u>3</u>] Id.

Analytics Insight, How Can Artificial Intelligence Be Used In Online Casinos, https://www.analyticsinsight.net/how-can-artificial-intelligence-be-used-in-online-casinos/ (October 10, 2020).

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